



Water Systems, Conservation, and Careers in Water QUIZ

Module 1, Water Systems – How You Get Your Water

1. Choose the most important job of a water utility:
 - a. Pumping water from source to utility and maintaining the pumping equipment
 - b. Ensuring public safety by posting “not potable” signs near treated water
 - c. Protecting public health by ensuring that water is safe to drink and use
 - d. Building and maintaining water storage tanks for water treatment plants
2. What could happen if you drink untreated source water?
 - a. You might become sick from germs and pollution in the water
 - b. You would be drinking fluoride and chlorine that the utility added to the water
 - c. Nothing, because the water is potable, which means it is safe to drink
 - d. Both (b) and (c) above
3. When a water utility delivers treated water to the public, the water travels to the public through:
 - a. Surface and/or groundwater supplies, or other potable water sources
 - b. The water system infrastructure that exists as a series of connected pipes
 - c. Lakes, rivers, streams, reservoirs, aquifers and other natural sources
 - d. None of the above

Module 2, Water Conservation – Saving Our Scarce Resources

1. How much of the Earth’s surface is water (in percent)?
 - a. 50%
 - b. 80%
 - c. 60%
 - d. 70%
2. Of all water on the Earth’s surface, how much of it is suitable for drinking (in percent)?
 - a. 1%
 - b. 10%
 - c. 16%
 - d. 20%
3. Why is it better to drink tap water than bottled water?
 - a. Bottled water is not as clean as tap water
 - b. Bottled water has more chemicals in it than tap water
 - c. Tap water is less expensive than bottled water
 - d. Tap water has fewer calories than bottled water
4. Which of the following is NOT an example of a way to conserve water?
 - a. Taking more showers than baths
 - b. Checking toilets and faucets for leaks
 - c. Leaving the faucet running when you’re done with it
 - d. Following water restrictions that are in place for your area



Water Systems, Conservation, and Careers in Water QUIZ

Module 3, Water Careers – Your Future in Water

1. Which of the following is NOT an example of how water and wastewater treatment operators protect public health?
 - a. Collect and test water and sewage samples
 - b. Determine which safety standards their plant will follow
 - c. Follow regulations set by the U.S. EPA
 - d. Earn and maintain certification credentials

2. Entry-level water and wastewater treatment operators require the following to get a job:
 - a. A 4-year college degree with studies in Biology, Chemistry, or some other scientific discipline
 - b. A 2-year Associates' Degree with specialization in the physical sciences
 - c. A high school diploma from a public or private high school in the United States
 - d. High school up to 10th grade, and an apprenticeship in a water utility operations plant

3. Which of the following is true?
 - a. A water or wastewater utility operator does not need to be certified if h/she has at least 5 years' experience on the job
 - b. A water or wastewater utility operator is eligible to become a shift supervisor in a large plant once h/she earns his first certification
 - c. Jobs for water and wastewater utility operators are becoming very scarce due to technology
 - d. Job prospects for water and wastewater utility operators are expected to be excellent for the next decade



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2. Entry-level water and wastewater treatment operators require the following to get a job:
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